

Common Statistical Abbreviations and Symbols in APA (In *italics*)



B. Common Statistical Abbreviations that are always in *italics*

Abbreviation	Definition
b, b_i	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• In regression and multiple regression analyses, estimated values of raw (unstandardized) regression coefficients• In item response theory, the difficulty-severity parameter
b^*, b^*	Estimated values of standardized regression coefficients in regression and multiple regression analyses
d	Cohen's measure of sample effect size for comparing two sample means
df	Degrees of freedom
f	Frequency
f_e	Expected frequency
f_o	Observed frequency
F	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• F distribution,• Fisher's F ratio
$F(v_1, v_2)$	F with v_1 and v_2 degrees of freedom
F_{crit}	Critical value for statistical significance in an F test
F_{max}	Hartley's test of homogeneity of variance
g	Hedges's measure of effect size
H_0	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Null hypothesis• Hypothesis under test
H_1 (or H_a)	Alternative hypothesis
k	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Coefficient of alienation• Number of studies in a meta-analysis• Number of levels in an experimental design or individual study
k^2	Coefficient of nondetermination
$KR20$	Kuder-Richardson reliability index

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Abbreviation	Definition
<i>LL</i>	Lower limit (as of a confidence interval, CI)
<i>M</i> (or \bar{X})	Sample mean Arithmetic mean
<i>Mdn</i>	Median
<i>MS</i>	Mean square
<i>MSE</i>	Mean square error
<i>n</i>	Number of cases (generally in a subsample)
<i>N</i>	Total number of cases
<i>ns</i>	Not statistically significant
<i>OR</i>	Odds ratio
<i>p</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Probability • Probability of a success in a binary trial
<i>P_{rep}</i>	The probability a replication would give a result with the same sign as the original result
<i>q</i>	Probability of a failure in a binary trial, 1 - <i>p</i>
<i>r</i>	Estimate of Pearson product-moment correlation coefficient
<i>r_{ab.c}</i>	The partial correlation of <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> with the effect of <i>c</i> removed
<i>r_{a(b.c)}</i>	The part (or semipartial) correlation of <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> with the effect of <i>c</i> removed from <i>b</i>
<i>r²</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coefficient of determination • Measure of strength of relationship • Estimate of the Pearson product-moment correlation squared
<i>r_b</i>	Biserial correlation
<i>r_{pb}</i>	Point serial correlation
<i>r_s</i>	Spearman rank order correlation

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Abbreviation	Definition
<i>R</i>	Multiple correlation
<i>R</i> ²	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multiple correlation squared• Measure of strength of association
<i>s</i>	Sample standard deviation (denominator $\sqrt{n - 1}$)
<i>s</i> ²	Sample variance (unbiased) – denominator <i>n</i> - 1
<i>SD</i>	Standard deviation
<i>SE</i>	Standard error
<i>SEM</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Standard error of measurement• Standard error of the mean
<i>SS</i>	Sum of squares
<i>t</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Student's <i>t</i> distribution• A statistical test based on the Student <i>t</i> distribution• The sample value of the <i>t</i>-test statistic
<i>T_k</i>	Generic effect size estimate
<i>U</i>	The Mann-Whitney test statistic
<i>UL</i>	Upper limit (as of a confidence interval, CI)
<i>w_k</i>	Fixed effects weight
<i>w_k*</i>	Random effects weight
<i>W</i>	Kendall's coefficient of concordance and its estimate
<i>z</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A standardized score• The value of a statistic divided by its standard error

Note. Adapted from Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (6th ed.), 2010, p. 119-121. Copyright 2010 by American Psychological Association.

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Reference

American Psychological Association, (2010). *The publication manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). Washington D.C.: APA.